



European Network of
Transmission System Operators
for Electricity

ENTSO-E GENERATION AND LOAD SHIFT KEY IMPLEMENTATION GUIDE

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Revision History

Version	Release	Date	Comments
0	0	2015-12-18	First drafting of the document based on discussion with CGMES project team on data exchanges.
0	1	2016-01-16	Version taking into account the comments issued after WG EDI review.
1	0	2016-01-21	Version approved by the Market Committee.
2	0	2016-09-22	Addition of the interconnection shift key business type. Addition of Reason class at various levels to identify inconsistencies and errors in the sent document. Version approved by Market Committee
2	1	2017-03-23	Addition of docStatus, Status and received_MarketDocument in the header to provide an anomaly report following the receiving of a GLSK document. Addition of Status attribute within RegisteredResource class to enable an action on a network element. Version submitted to Market Committee for approval

84

85 1 Objective

86 The purpose of this document is to enable the exchange of information related to generation
87 and load shift key (GSK and LSK).

88 GSK and LSK are to be used together with an individual grid model (IGM) or a common grid
89 model (CGM) as soon as studies are to be carried out. Indeed, they enable to handle the
90 changes in generation profile or load profile, e.g. ,on a base case as starting point, carry out a
91 study if there is an increase of X MW in the total load (compute the new load profile at the
92 electrical nodes to comply with the change of load as well as the new generation injections).

93 Different modes to apply GSK and LSK are existing; the purpose of this document is not to state
94 the most suitable one but only to provide a way to exchange this information.

95 This document describes the data model of the GSK and LSK document.

96 2 The GSK and LSK data exchange process

97 2.1 Overall business context

98 The GSK and LSK are computed by the TSO in charge of the area and provided to the actors
99 who needs to carry out network studies; these network studies could be coordinated
100 transmission capacity calculation, flow-based market coupling, network studies, etc.

101 Generation shift key are needed to transform any change in the balance of one bidding zone
102 into a change of injections in the nodes of that area or a change on the interconnections flow
103 with another area.

104 Generation and load shift keys are elaborated on the basis of the forecast information about
105 the generating units and loads. In order to avoid newly formed unrealistic congestions caused
106 by the process of generation shift, TSOs should be able to define both generation shift key
107 (GSK) and load shift key (LSK):

- 108 • Generation shift: GSK constitute a list specifying those generators that shall contribute to
109 the shift.
- 110 • Load shift: LSK constitute a list specifying those load that shall contribute to the shift in
111 order to take into account the contribution of generators connected to lower voltage levels
112 (implicitly contained in the load figures of the nodes connected to the EHV grid).

113 GSK and LSK are defined for:

- 114 • A bidding zone, named in the document as “a”.
- 115 • A time interval: GSK and LSK are dedicated to individual daily hours in order to model
116 differences between peak and off-peak conditions per TSO.

117 If GSK and LSK are defined, a participation factor is also given:

- 118 • G(a) Participation factor for generation nodes in area “a”,
- 119 • L(a) Participation factor for load nodes in area “a”.

120 The sum G(a) and L(a), for each area, is to be equal to 1 (i.e. 100%).

121 GSK factor could be defined for interconnections flow pattern change with other area,
122 interconnection shift key. In such a case a maximum value of the increased flow on
123 interconnections for each external areas (‘b’, ‘c’, ...) is provided by the TSO of area “a”, and the
124 GSK of the corresponding area is used to defined the change of generation in the each area
125 (‘b’, ‘c’, ...).

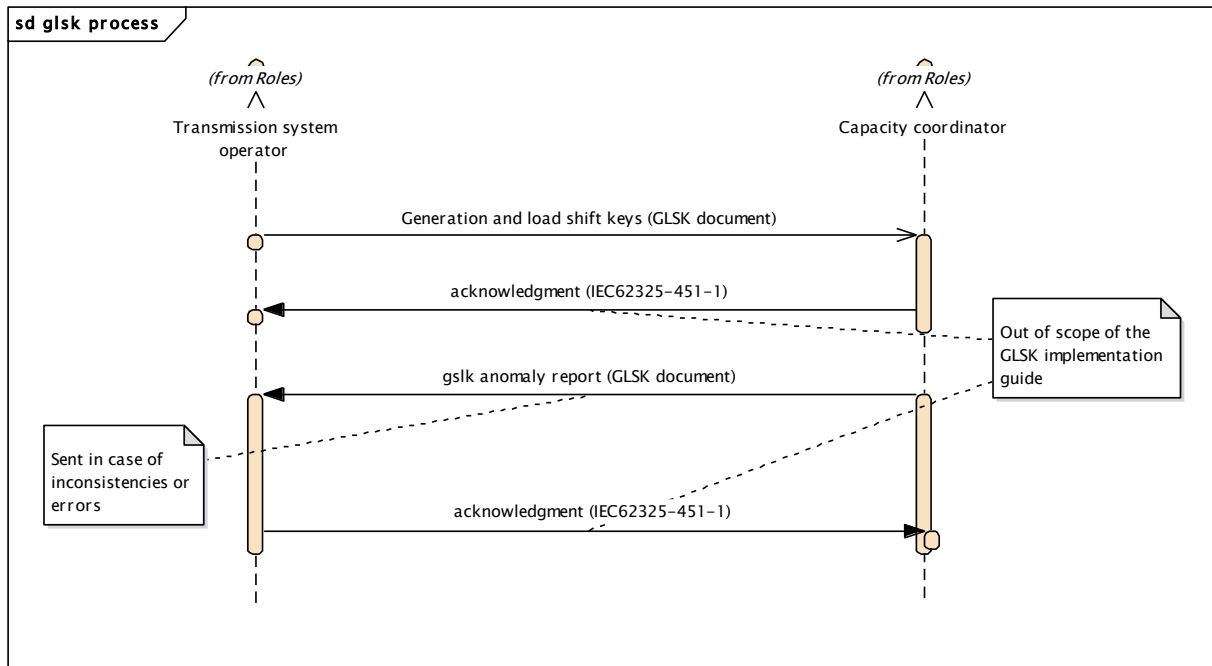
126 Then depending on the calculation methods, TSO can define the following information
127 associated to each generation and load nodes:

- 128 • participation factor,
- 129 • or maximum and minimum absolute power,

130 • or maximum and minimum relative power.

131 Following the sending of the GLSK document by the TSOs, the capacity coordinator can send
132 an anomaly report if inconsistencies or errors have been detected in the GLSK during the
133 calculation process. For example, generation or load nodes described in the GLSK may be
134 missing in the associated D2CF (Day – 2 congestion forecast) document, or the maximum power
135 may be higher than the maximum power provided in the D2CF.

136 Figure 1 shows the documents exchanged between the TSO and the capacity coordinator.



137

Figure 1 – GLSK process

138

139 2.2 Business Description

140 Five types of shift can be defined in GSK and LSK lists:

- 141 • Proportional to base case generation or load;
- 142 • Proportional to the participation factors;
- 143 • Proportional to the remaining available capacity;
- 144 • Depending upon a merit order list;
- 145 • Interconnection shift key.

146 These types are described here after.

147 2.2.1 Proportional to base case generation or load

148 Shift in defined generation/load nodes is proportional to the base case generation/load within
149 an area “a”:

- 150 • $P_g(n, a)$ active generation in node n, belonging to area a (node n defined in GSK list),
- 151 • $P_l(n, a)$ active load in node n, belonging to area a (node n defined in LSK list).

152 The participation of node n in the shift, among selected generation nodes (GSK) is given by:

$$153 \quad K_g(n, a) = G(a) \frac{P_g(n, a)}{\sum_i P_g(i, a)}$$

154 The participation of node n in the shift, among selected load nodes (LSK) is given by:

$$155 \quad K_l(n, a) = L(a) \frac{P_l(n, a)}{\sum_i P_l(i, a)}$$

156 The sum of G(a) and L(a) for each area is to be equal to 1 (i.e. 100%).

157 Table 1 lists the attributes to be described in such a case.

158 **Table 1 - Dependency for businessType B42**

Attribute	Generation	Load
domain.mRID	The identification of the area related to all the GSK and/or LSK area(s) described in the document	
subject_Domain.mRID	The identification of the area, a, related to GSK and/or LSK.	
SKBlock_TimeSeries		
businessType	B42	B42
mkPSRType.psrType	A04 – generation	A05 – load
quantity.quantity	Value of G(a) If not provided, it is assumed a 1 value.	Value of L(a) If not provided, it is assumed a 1 value.
flowDirection	Not used	
measurement_Unit.name	C62 – unit for dimensionless quantities	
attributeInstanceComponent.position	To be used only when interconnection shift key is provided.	
domain.mRID	Not used	
maximum_Quantity.quantity	Not used	
maximum_Measurement_Unit.name	Not used	
RegisteredResource	The identification of the generation or load nodes involved in the shift Note: If no RegisteredResource is provided, the factor is applied to all the generations and/or loads of the subject domain network model.	
mRID	The identification of the resource	
sK_ResourceCapacity.defaultCapacity	Not used	
sK_ResourceCapacity.maximumCapacity	Not used	
sK_ResourceCapacity.minimumCapacity	Not used	
marketObjectStatus.status	Not used	Not used

159

160 2.2.2 Proportional to the participation factors

161 For a list of generation nodes or load nodes in an area, a, individual participation factors are
162 defined. The shift in generation/load node is computed as:

$$163 \quad K_g(n, a) = G(a) \frac{k_g(n, a)}{\sum_i k_g(i, a)} \text{ for generation}$$

$$164 \quad \text{And } K_l(n, a) = L(a) \frac{k_l(n, a)}{\sum_i k_l(i, a)} \text{ for load.}$$

165 Table 2 lists the attributes to be described in such a case.

166

Table 2 - Dependency for businessType B43

Attribute	Generation	Load
domain.mRID	The identification of the area related to all the GSK and/or LSK area(s) described in the document	
subject_Domain.mRID	The identification of the area, a, related to GSK and/or LSK.	
SKBlock_TimeSeries		
businessType	B43	B43
mkPSRType.psrType	A04 – generation	A05 – load
quantity.quantity	Value of G(a)	Value of L(a)
flowDirection	Not used	
measurement_Unit.name	C62 – unit for dimensionless quantities	
attributeInstanceComponent.position	To be used only when interconnection shift key is provided.	
domain.mRID	Not used	
maximum_Quantity.quantity	Not used	
maximum_Measurement_Unit.name	Not used	
RegisteredResource	The identification of the generation or load nodes involved in the shift	
mRID	The identification of the resource	
sK_ResourceCapacity.defaultCapacity	$k_g(n, a)$ of the resource	$k_l(n, a)$ of the resource
sK_ResourceCapacity.maximumCapacity	Not used	
sK_ResourceCapacity.minimumCapacity	Not used	
marketObjectStatus.status	Not used	Not used

167

168 2.2.3 Proportional to the remaining available capacity

169 Depending upon the shift (up for positive shift or down for negative shift), the generation
170 changes are computed proportionally to the remaining available generation margin :

171 • For a positive shift
$$P(n, a) = P_0(n, a) + \Delta E \frac{P_{\max}(n, a) - P_0(n, a)}{\sum_i (P_{\max}(i, a) - P_0(i, a))}$$

172 • For a negative shift
$$P(n, a) = P_0(n, a) + \Delta E \frac{P_0(n, a) - P_{\min}(n, a)}{\sum_i (P_0(i, a) - P_{\min}(i, a))}$$

173 Where:

- 174 • $P(n, a)$ is the generation output of unit n in area a following the shift.
- 175 • $P_0(n, a)$ is the actual generation output in the base case
- 176 • ΔE is the generation shift.
- 177 • $P_{\max}(i, a)$ is the maximum output of generation i in area a.
- 178 • $P_{\min}(i, a)$ is the minimum output of generation I in area a.

179 Table 3 lists the attributes to be described in such a case.

180

Table 3 - Dependency for businessType B44

Attribute	Generation	Load
domain.mRID	The identification of the area related to all the GSK and/or LSK area(s) described in the document	
subject_Domain.mRID	The identification of the area, a, related to GSK and/or LSK.	
SKBlock_TimeSeries		Not used
businessType	B44	Not used
mkPSRType.psrType	A04 – generation	Not used
quantity.quantity	Not used	
flowDirection	A01 – for positive shift A02 – for negative shift	Not used
measurement_Unit.name	The unit of measurement for $P_{\max}(i, a)$ or $P_{\min}(i, a)$	Not used
attributeInstanceComponent.position	To be used only when interconnection shift key is provided.	
domain.mRID	Not used	
maximum_Quantity.quantity	Not used	
maximum_Measurement_Unit.name	Not used	
RegisteredResource		Not used
mRID	The identification of the resource	Not used
sK_ResourceCapacity.defaultCapacity	Not used	
ResourceCapacity.maximumCapacity	$P_{\max}(i, a)$	Not used
ResourceCapacity.minimumCapacity	$P_{\min}(i, a)$	Not used
marketObjectStatus.status	Not used	Not used

181

182 2.2.4 Depending upon a merit order list

183 The chosen generation nodes shifts up or down according to the merit order list defined in the
184 group GSKup (GSK time series with a A01 flowDirection) or GSKdown (GSK time series with a
185 A02 flowDirection), as described following:

- 186 • Upward list contains the generation nodes which performs the total positive shift in area a.
- 187 • Downward list contains the generation nodes which performs the total negative shift in area
188 a.

189 The merit order position is defined in the attribute attributeInstanceComponent.position, i.e. it
190 is the order to be applied to generation node to be shifted simultaneously. It means that the
191 first group (number defined with merit order position) of generating nodes are shifted together
192 and if it is not sufficient, the next group generating nodes are used to complete the total shift,
193 and so on.

194 If the attribute marketStatus.status is defined, the generation nodes can also be disconnected
195 or connected to the network in order to allow a higher generation shifting (negative or positive):

- 196 - for a negative shift, the value “stop” means that the output generation can be 0 MW,
197 and that the generation unit can be disconnected to the network
- 198 - for a positive shift, the value “start” means that the generation unit can be connected to
199 the network (if it was initially disconnected), with a minimum output power of $P_{\min}(i, a)$.

200 The total shift is distributed to the last group of merit order position generation nodes
201 proportionally to their available margin as defined for reserve shift.

202 Table 4 lists the attributes to be described in such a case.

203 **Table 4 - Dependency for businessType B45**

Attribute	Generation	Load
domain.mRID	The identification of the area related to all the GSK and/or LSK area(s) described in the document	
subject_Domain.mRID	The identification of the area, a, related to GSK and/or LSK.	
SKBlock_TimeSeries		Not used
businessType	B45	Not used
mkPSRType.psrType	A04 – generation	Not used
quantity.quantity	Not used	
flowDirection	A01 – for positive shift A02 – for negative shift	Not used
measurement_Unit.name	The unit of measurement for $P_{\max}(i, a)$ or $P_{\min}(i, a)$	Not used
attributeInstanceComponent.position	Order for merit order position (the first group should have the value 1, the second the value 2, etc.).	Not used
domain.mRID	Not used	
maximum_Quantity.quantity	Not used	
maximum_Measurement_Unit.name	Not used	
RegisteredResource		Not used
mRID	The identification of the resource	Not used
sK_ResourceCapacity.defaultCapacity	Not used	
ResourceCapacity.maximumCapacity	$P_{\max}(i, a)$	Not used
ResourceCapacity.minimumCapacity	$P_{\min}(i, a)$	Not used
marketObjectStatus.status	(optional) A23 – Stop (optional) A24 – Start	Not used

204

205 **2.2.5 Interconnection shift key**

206 The shift is performed through a change of pattern on the interconnection flows from external
207 areas ('b', 'c', ...) to the benefit of the area 'a':

208 $P_{\max}(b)$ is the maximum increase of generation that can be requested from an external area
209 'b'.

210 The capacity coordinator uses the GLSK document defined by the TSO of the area 'b' for moving
211 the generation within the limits of $P_{\max}(b)$.

212 As many SKBlock_TimeSeries as there are external areas are to be provided. The attribute
213 attributeInstanceComponent.position provides the order to call the "external generation" from
214 different areas.

215 Table 5 - Dependency lists the attributes to be described in such a case.

216

Table 5 - Dependency for businessType B66

Attribute	Interconnection
domain.mRID	The identification of the area related to all the GSK and/or LSK area(s) described in the document
subject_Domain.mRID	The identification of the area, a, that benefits of the shift performed in the area b
SKBlock_TimeSeries	-
businessType	B66
mkPSRType.psrType	A04 – generation
quantity.quantity	Not used
flowDirection	Not used
measurement_Unit.name	Not used
attributeInstanceComponent.position	Mandatory, the order specifying from which area the change of generation is to be made (1 for the first, 2 for the second, etc.). It is recommended that the local generation shift key block be also given a position; if not it is assumed that it is the last one.
domain.mRID	The identification of the external area, b, where the change of generation pattern is performed to the benefit of area 'a'
maximum_Quantity.quantity	$P_{\max}(b)$
maximum_Measurement_Unit.name	The unit of measurement for $P_{\max}(b)$
RegisteredResource	Not used
mRID	Not used
sK_ResourceCapacity.defaultCapacity	Not used
ResourceCapacity.maximumCapacity	Not used
ResourceCapacity.minimumCapacity	Not used
marketObjectStatus.status	Not used

217

218 2.3 Business rules

219 2.3.1 General rules

220 All the business rules defined in the IEC 62325-351 are to be applied for this document.

221 An acknowledgment document, IEC 62325-451-1, is to be issued by the receiver of this GLSK
222 document.

223 In addition, there are some specific rules for the mRID of the RegisteredResource; the mRID
224 attribute is composed of the code and the coding scheme identification:

- 225 • When the coding scheme “EIC” (energy identification coding scheme, attribute value “A01”)
226 is used, the object identified is usually an aggregation, e.g. a production unit composed with
227 different generating units. In such a case, it is assumed that the values provided are to be
228 applied to each individual generating units. A mapping between the EIC code and the mRID
229 of each generating unit is to be provided. This rule is to be applied depending upon the
230 power output of each generating unit:
 - 231 – For a hydro power plant composed of 10 identical generating units, the mRID (W type
232 EIC code) of the hydro power plant as a production unit can be used. In such a case,
233 the values are to be applied to each individual generating units.
 - 234 – For a nuclear power plant, usually each nuclear reactor has a W type EIC code as mRID.
- 235 • When the coding scheme “CGM” (common grid model coding scheme, attribute value “A02”)
236 is used, the object has the same granularity as in the CGMES requirements for the common
237 grid model or the individual grid model (IGM).

238 **2.3.2 GLSK document**

239 The following codes values are to be used in XML instances in the GLSK_MarketDocument
240 section:

- 241 • type: B22 for “Generation and Load Shift Key document”.
- 242 • process.processType: A01 for “Day ahead”.
- 243 • process.processType: A40 for “Intraday process”.
- 244 • status: A41 for “Individual Network Data”

245 **2.3.3 status: A42 for “Common Network Data” Anomaly report**

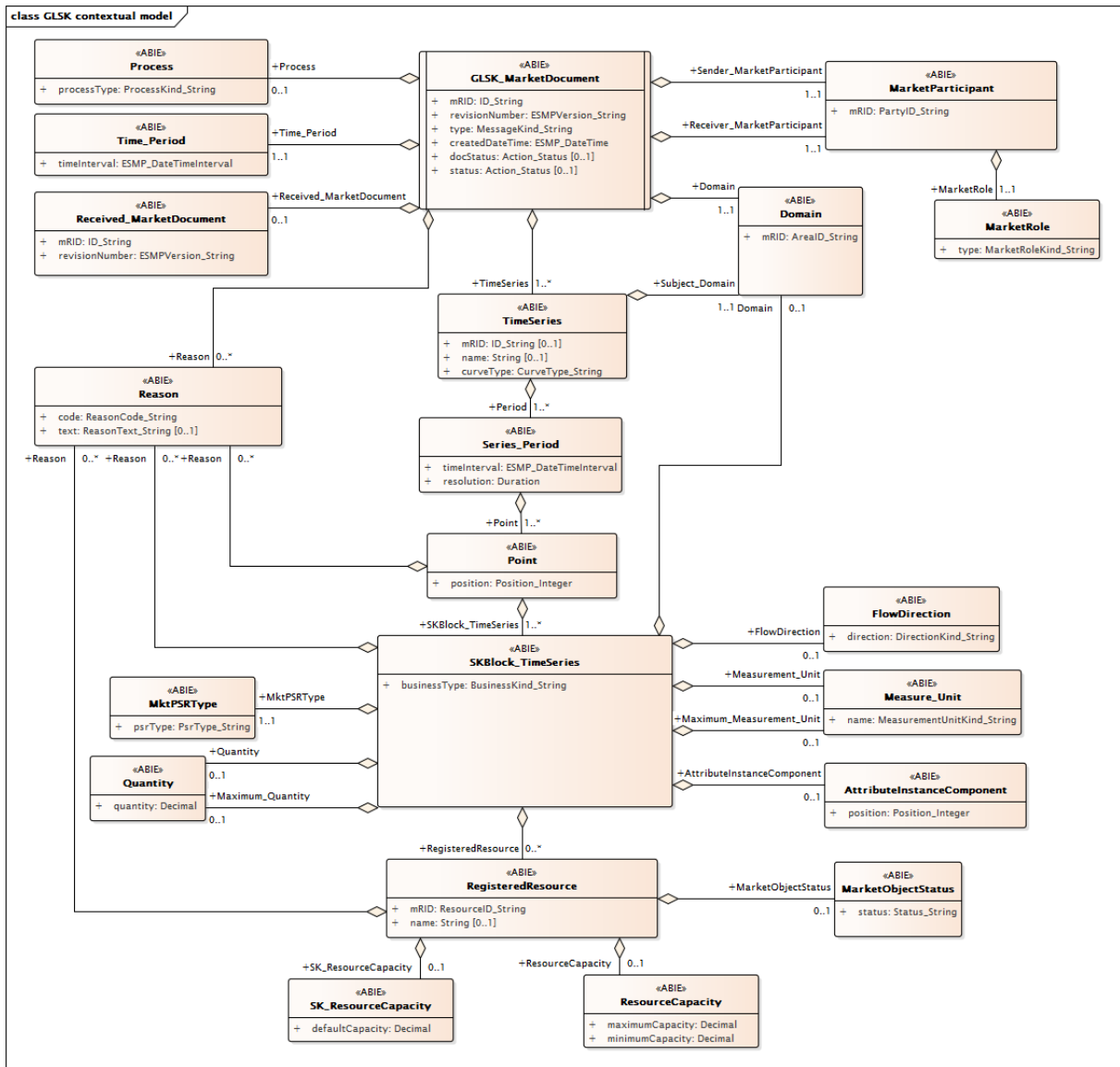
246 The following codes values are to be used in XML instances in the GLSK_MarketDocument
247 section to identify the anomaly report sent by the capacity coordinator:

- 248 • type: B22 for “Generation and Load Shift Key document”.
- 249 • process.processType: A01 for “Day ahead”.
- 250 • process.processType: A40 for “Intraday process”.
- 251 • docStatus: A34 for “Rejected”
- 252 • status: A41 for “Individual Network Data”
- 253 • status: A42 for “Common Network Data”

254 The inconsistencies or errors identified in the GLSK sent by the TSO have to be reported using
255 the reason classes associated to “GSLK_MarketDocument”, “Point”, SKBlock_Timeseries”,
256 “RegisteredResource”.

257

258 **2.4 GLSK contextual model**
 259 **2.4.1 Overview of the model**
 260 Figure 2 shows the model.



261
 262 **Figure 2 - GLSK contextual model**

263 **2.4.2 IsBasedOn relationships from the European style market profile**

264 Table 6 shows the traceability dependency of the classes used in this package towards the
 265 upper level.

266 **Table 6 - IsBasedOn dependency**

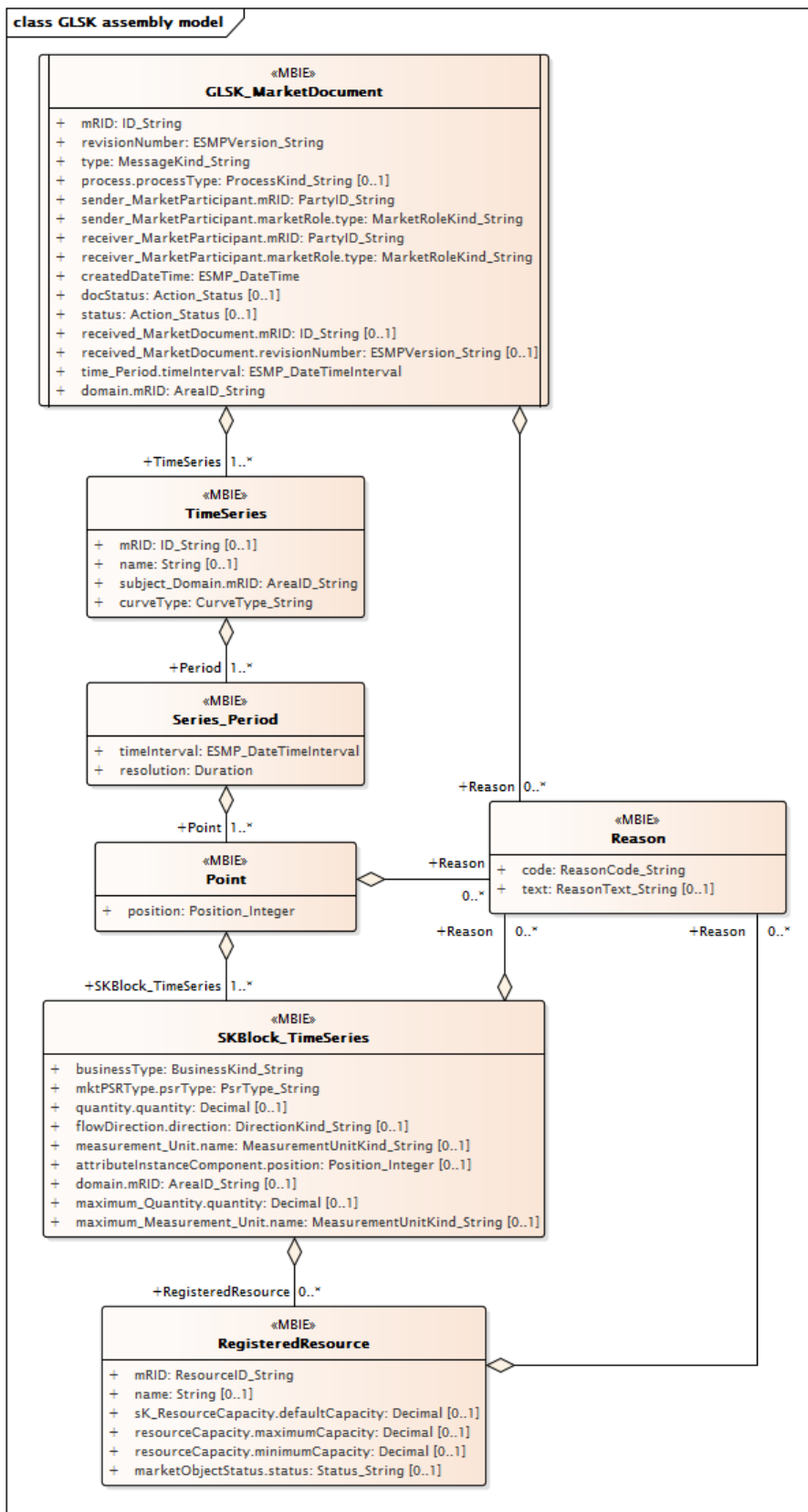
Name	Complete IsBasedOn Path
AttributeInstanceComponent	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::AttributeInstanceComponent
Domain	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::Domain
FlowDirection	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::FlowDirection
GLSK_MarketDocument	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::MarketDocument
MarketObjectStatus	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::MarketObjectStatus

Name	Complete IsBasedOn Path
MarketParticipant	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketCommon::MarketParticipant
MarketRole	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketCommon::MarketRole
Measure_Unit	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::Unit
MktPSRType	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::MktPSRType
Point	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::Point
Process	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::Process
Quantity	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::Quantity
Reason	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::Reason
Received_MarketDocument	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::MarketDocument
RegisteredResource	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketCommon::RegisteredResource
ResourceCapacity	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketCommon::ResourceCapacity
Series_Period	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::Period
SK_ResourceCapacity	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketCommon::ResourceCapacity
SKBlock_TimeSeries	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::TimeSeries
Time_Period	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::Period
TimeSeries	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::TimeSeries

268 **2.5 GLSK assembly model**

269 **2.5.1 Overview of the model**

270 Figure 3 shows the model.



271

272

Figure 3 - GLSK assembly model

273 **2.5.2 IsBasedOn relationships from the European style market profile**

274 Table 7 shows the traceability dependency of the classes used in this package towards the
275 upper level.

276 **Table 7 - IsBasedOn dependency**

Name	Complete IsBasedOn Path
GLSK_MarketDocument	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::MarketDocument
Point	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::Point
Reason	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::Reason
RegisteredResource	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketCommon::RegisteredResource
Series_Period	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::Period
SKBlock_TimeSeries	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::TimeSeries
TimeSeries	TC57CIM::IEC62325::MarketManagement::TimeSeries

277

278 **2.5.3 Detailed GLSK assembly model**

279 **2.5.3.1 GLSK_MarketDocument root class**

280 This document enables to exchange information about the GSK and LSK factors.

281 - Generation shift key (GSK): list specifying those generators that shall contribute to the shift.

282 - Load shift key (LSK): list specifying those load that shall contribute to the shift in order to take
283 into account the contribution of generators connected to lower voltage levels.

284 If GSK and LSK are defined, a participation factor is also given:

285 - G(a) Participation factor for generation nodes

286 - L(a) Participation factor for load nodes

287 The sum of G(a) and L(a) for each area has to be to 1 (i.e. 100%).

288 An electronic document containing the information necessary to satisfy the requirements of a
289 given business process.

290 Table 8 shows all attributes of GLSK_MarketDocument.

291 **Table 8 - Attributes of GLSK assembly model::GLSK_MarketDocument**

Order	mult.	Attribute name / Attribute type	Description
0	[1..1]	mRID ID_String	The unique identification of the document being exchanged within a business process flow.
1	[1..1]	revisionNumber ESMPVersion_String	The identification of the version that distinguishes one evolution of a document from another.
2	[1..1]	type MessageKind_String	The coded type of a document. The document type describes the principal characteristic of the document.
3	[0..1]	process.processType ProcessKind_String	The identification of the nature of process that the document addresses.
4	[1..1]	sender_MarketParticipant.mRID PartyID_String	The identification of a party in the energy market. --- Document owner.
5	[1..1]	sender_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type MarketRoleKind_String	The identification of the role played by a market player. --- Document owner.

Order	mult.	Attribute name / Attribute type	Description
6	[1..1]	receiver_MarketParticipant.mRID PartyID_String	The identification of a party in the energy market. --- Document recipient.
7	[1..1]	receiver_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type MarketRoleKind_String	The identification of the role played by a market player. --- Document recipient.
8	[1..1]	createdDateTime ESMP_DateTime	The date and time of the creation of the document.
9	[0..1]	docStatus Action_Status	The status of the document.
10	[0..1]	status Action_Status	The kind of network data provided in the document
11	[0..1]	received_MarketDocument.mRID ID_String	The unique identification of the received document
12	[0..1]	received_MarketDocument.revisionNumber ESMPVersion_String	The identification of the version of the received document
13	[1..1]	time_Period.timeInterval ESMP_DateTimeInterval	The start and end date and time for a given interval. --- The beginning and ending date and time of the period covered in the document.
14	[1..1]	domain.mRID AreaID_String	The unique identification of the domain. --- The identification of the domain that is covered in the document.

292

293 Table 9 shows all association ends of GLSK_MarketDocument with other classes.

294 **Table 9 - Association ends of GLSK assembly model::GLSK_MarketDocument with**
295 **other classes**

Order	mult.	Class name / Role	Description
15	[1..*]	TimeSeries TimeSeries	The time series that is associated with an electronic document. Association Based On: GLSK contextual model::TimeSeries.TimeSeries[1..*] ----- GLSK contextual model::GLSK_MarketDocument.[]
16	[0..*]	Reason Reason	Association Based On: GLSK contextual model::Reason.Reason[0..*] ----- GLSK contextual model::GLSK_MarketDocument.[]

296

297 2.5.3.2 Point

298 The identification of the values being addressed within a specific interval of time.

299 Table 10 shows all attributes of Point.

300 **Table 10 - Attributes of GLSK assembly model::Point**

Order	mult.	Attribute name / Attribute type	Description
0	[1..1]	position Position_Integer	A sequential value representing the relative position within a given time interval.

301

302 Table 11 shows all association ends of Point with other classes.

303 **Table 11 - Association ends of GLSK assembly model::Point with other classes**

Order	mult.	Class name / Role	Description
1	[1..*]	SKBlock_TimeSeries SKBlock_TimeSeries	TheTimeSeries provides additional information related to a Position within a given time interval. Association Based On: GLSK contextual model::SKBlock_TimeSeries.SKBlock_TimeSeries[1..*] ----- GLSK contextual model::Point.[]
2	[0..*]	Reason Reason	The Reason information associated with a Point providing motivation information. Association Based On: GLSK contextual model::Reason.Reason[0..*] ----- GLSK contextual model::Point.[]

304

305 2.5.3.3 Reason

306 The motivation of an act.

307 Table 12 shows all attributes of Reason.

308 **Table 12 - Attributes of GLSK assembly model::Reason**

Order	mult.	Attribute name / Attribute type	Description
0	[1..1]	code ReasonCode_String	The motivation of an act in coded form.
1	[0..1]	text ReasonText_String	The textual explanation corresponding to the reason code.

309

310 2.5.3.4 RegisteredResource

311 A resource that is registered through the market participant registration system. Examples
312 include generating unit, load, and non-physical generator or load.

313 Table 13 shows all attributes of RegisteredResource.

314 **Table 13 - Attributes of GLSK assembly model::RegisteredResource**

Order	mult.	Attribute name / Attribute type	Description
0	[1..1]	mRID ResourceID_String	The unique identification of a resource.
1	[0..1]	name String	The name is any free human readable and possibly non unique text naming the object.
2	[0..1]	sK_ResourceCapacity.defaultCapacity Decimal	Default capacity value of shift key.
3	[0..1]	resourceCapacity.maximumCapacity Decimal	The maximum capacity is used with the remaining available capacity, or merit order methods.
4	[0..1]	resourceCapacity.minimumCapacity Decimal	The minimum capacity is used with the remaining available capacity, or merit order methods.
5	[0..1]	marketObjectStatus.status Status_String	The action that can be realized on a registered resource like start/stop. --- The status of the registered resource, e.g. connected, disconnected, outage, ...

315

316 Table 14 shows all association ends of RegisteredResource with other classes.

317 **Table 14 - Association ends of GLSK assembly model::RegisteredResource with other**
318 **classes**

Order	mult.	Class name / Role	Description
6	[0..*]	Reason Reason	The reason information associated with a RegisteredResource providing motivation information. Association Based On: GLSK contextual model::Reason.Reason[0..*] ----- GLSK contextual model::RegisteredResource.[]

319

320 2.5.3.5 Series_Period

321 The identification of the period of time corresponding to a given time interval and resolution.

322 Table 15 shows all attributes of Series_Period.

323 **Table 15 - Attributes of GLSK assembly model::Series_Period**

Order	mult.	Attribute name / Attribute type	Description
0	[1..1]	timeInterval ESMP_DateTimeInterval	The start and end time of the period.
1	[1..1]	resolution Duration	The definition of the number of units of time that compose an individual step within a period.

324

325 Table 16 shows all association ends of Series_Period with other classes.

326 **Table 16 - Association ends of GLSK assembly model::Series_Period with other classes**

Order	mult.	Class name / Role	Description
2	[1..*]	Point Point	The Point information associated with a given Series_Period.within a TimeSeries. Association Based On: GLSK contextual model::Point.Point[1..*] ----- GLSK contextual model::Series_Period.[]

327

328 2.5.3.6 SKBlock_TimeSeries

329 The type of shift keys is defined in the BusinessType codelist.

330 A set of time-ordered quantities being exchanged in relation to a product.

331 In the ESMP profile, the TimeSeries provides not only time-ordered quantities but also time-
332 ordered information.

333 Table 17 shows all attributes of SKBlock_TimeSeries.

334

Table 17 - Attributes of GLSK assembly model::SKBlock_TimeSeries

Order	mult.	Attribute name / Attribute type	Description
0	[1..1]	businessType BusinessKind_String	The identification of the nature of the time series.
1	[1..1]	mktPSRType.psrType PsrType_String	The coded type of a power system resource. --- The identification of the type of resource associated with a TimeSeries.
2	[0..1]	quantity.quantity Decimal	The quantity value. The association role provides the information about what is expressed. --- The shift key value applicable to all resources. This is a value in the range [0,1]. The quantity information associated to a TimeSeries.
3	[0..1]	flowDirection.direction DirectionKind_String	The coded identification of the direction of energy flow. --- For the merit order list (GSK or LSK), provide the information if the registered resource contributes either as "UP" or "DOWN" units.
4	[0..1]	measurement_Unit.name MeasurementUnitKind_String	The identification of the formal code for a measurement unit (UN/ECE Recommendation 20). --- The unit of measure of the attributes based on ResourceCapacity class.
5	[0..1]	attributeInstanceComponent.position Position_Integer	A sequential value representing a relative sequence number. --- To be used only for merit order participation factor. This attribute provides the identification of order in which the groups are called (1 is the first, 2 the second, etc.)
6	[0..1]	domain.mRID AreaID_String	The unique identification of the domain. --- For interconnection shift key, the domain is used to identify the area contributing to the GLSK. The domain associated with a TimeSeries.
7	[0..1]	maximum_Quantity.quantity Decimal	The quantity value. The association role provides the information about what is expressed. --- The maximum quantity that can be exchanged for interconnection shift key. The quantity information associated to a TimeSeries.
8	[0..1]	maximum_Measurement_Unit.name MeasurementUnitKind_String	The identification of the formal code for a measurement unit (UN/ECE Recommendation 20). --- The unit of measure for the maximum quantity in SKBlock_TimeSeries. The unit of measure associated with the quantities in a TimeSeries.

335

336 Table 18 shows all association ends of SKBlock_TimeSeries with other classes.

Table 18 - Association ends of GLSK assembly model::SKBlock_TimeSeries with other classes

337
338

Order	mult.	Class name / Role	Description
9	[0..*]	RegisteredResource RegisteredResource	The identification of a resource associated with a TimeSeries. Association Based On: GLSK contextual model::RegisteredResource.RegisteredResource[0..*] ----- GLSK contextual model::SKBlock_TimeSeries.[]
10	[0..*]	Reason Reason	The reason information associated with a TimeSeries providing motivation information. Association Based On: GLSK contextual model::Reason.Reason[0..*] ----- GLSK contextual model::SKBlock_TimeSeries.[]

339 **2.5.3.7 TimeSeries**

340 A set of time-ordered quantities being exchanged in relation to a product.

341 Table 19 shows all attributes of TimeSeries.

342 **Table 19 - Attributes of GLSK assembly model::TimeSeries**

Order	mult.	Attribute name / Attribute type	Description
0	[0..1]	mRID ID_String	A unique identification of the time series.
1	[0..1]	name String	The name is any free human readable and possibly non unique text naming the object.
2	[1..1]	subject_Domain.mRID AreaID_String	The unique identification of the domain. --- The identification of the area.
3	[1..1]	curveType CurveType_String	The identification of the coded representation of the type of curve being described.

343

344 Table 20 shows all association ends of TimeSeries with other classes.

345 **Table 20 - Association ends of GLSK assembly model::TimeSeries with other classes**

Order	mult.	Class name / Role	Description
4	[1..*]	Series_Period Period	The time interval and resolution for a period associated with a TimeSeries. Association Based On: GLSK contextual model::Series_Period.Period[1..*] ----- GLSK contextual model::TimeSeries.[]

346

347 **2.5.4 Datatypes**

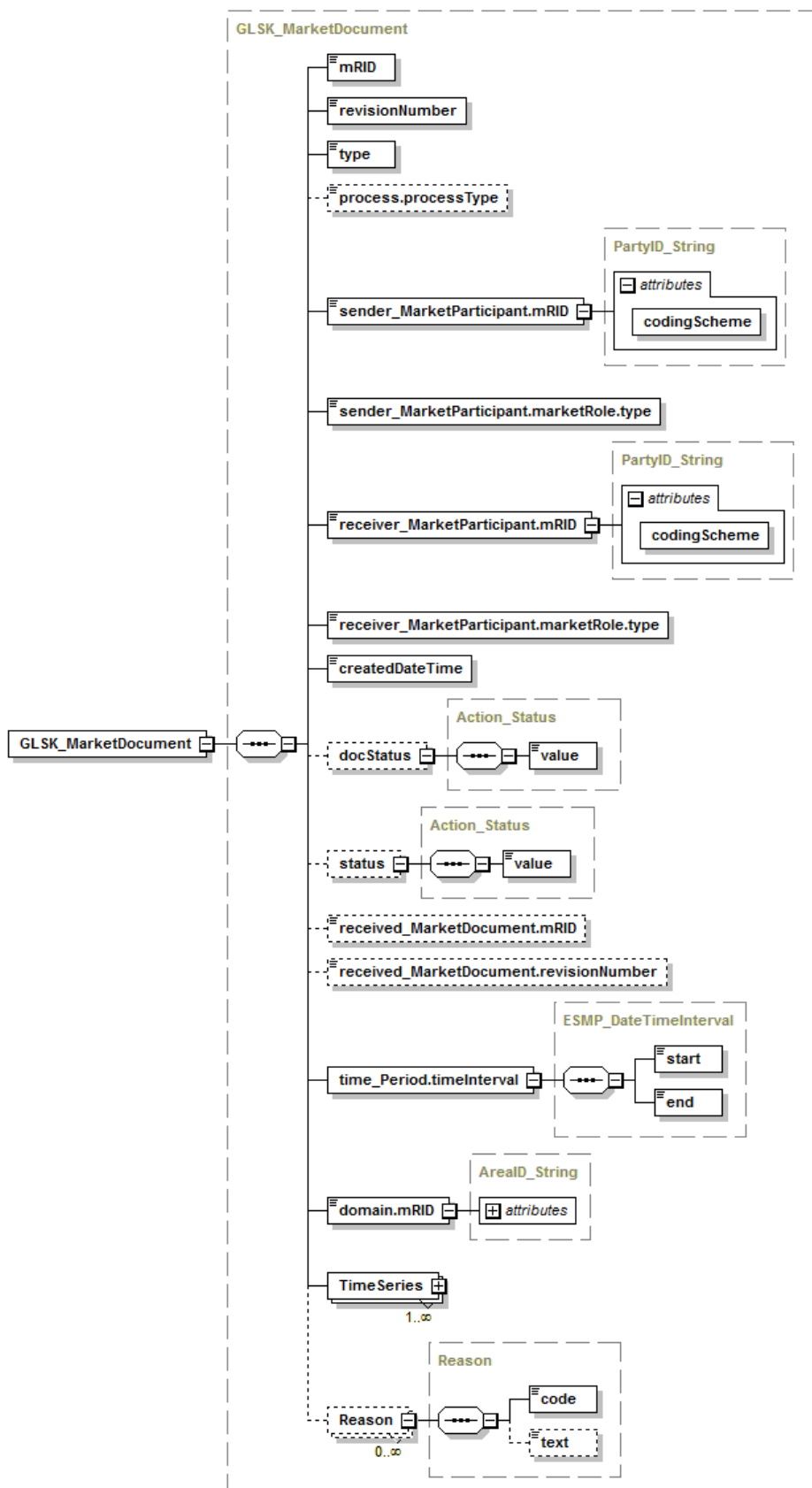
348 The list of datatypes used for the GLSK assembly model is as follows:

- 349 • Action_Status compound
- 350 • ESMP_DateTimeInterval compound
- 351 • AreaID_String datatype, codelist CodingSchemeTypeList
- 352 • BusinessKind_String datatype, codelist BusinessTypeList
- 353 • CurveType_String datatype, codelist CurveTypeList
- 354 • DirectionKind_String datatype, codelist DirectionTypeList
- 355 • ESMP_DateTime datatype
- 356 • ESMPVersion_String datatype
- 357 • ID_String datatype
- 358 • MarketRoleKind_String datatype, codelist RoleTypeList
- 359 • MeasurementUnitKind_String datatype, codelist UnitOfMeasureTypeList
- 360 • MessageKind_String datatype, codelist MessageTypeList
- 361 • PartyID_String datatype, codelist CodingSchemeTypeList
- 362 • Position_Integer datatype
- 363 • ProcessKind_String datatype, codelist ProcessTypeList
- 364 • PsrType_String datatype, codelist AssetTypeList
- 365 • ReasonCode_String datatype, codelist ReasonCodeTypeList
- 366 • ReasonText_String datatype
- 367 • ResourceID_String datatype, codelist CodingSchemeTypeList
- 368 • Status_String datatype, codelist StatusTypeList
- 369 • YMDHM_DateTime datatype

370

371 **2.5.5 GLSK_MarketDocument XML schema**

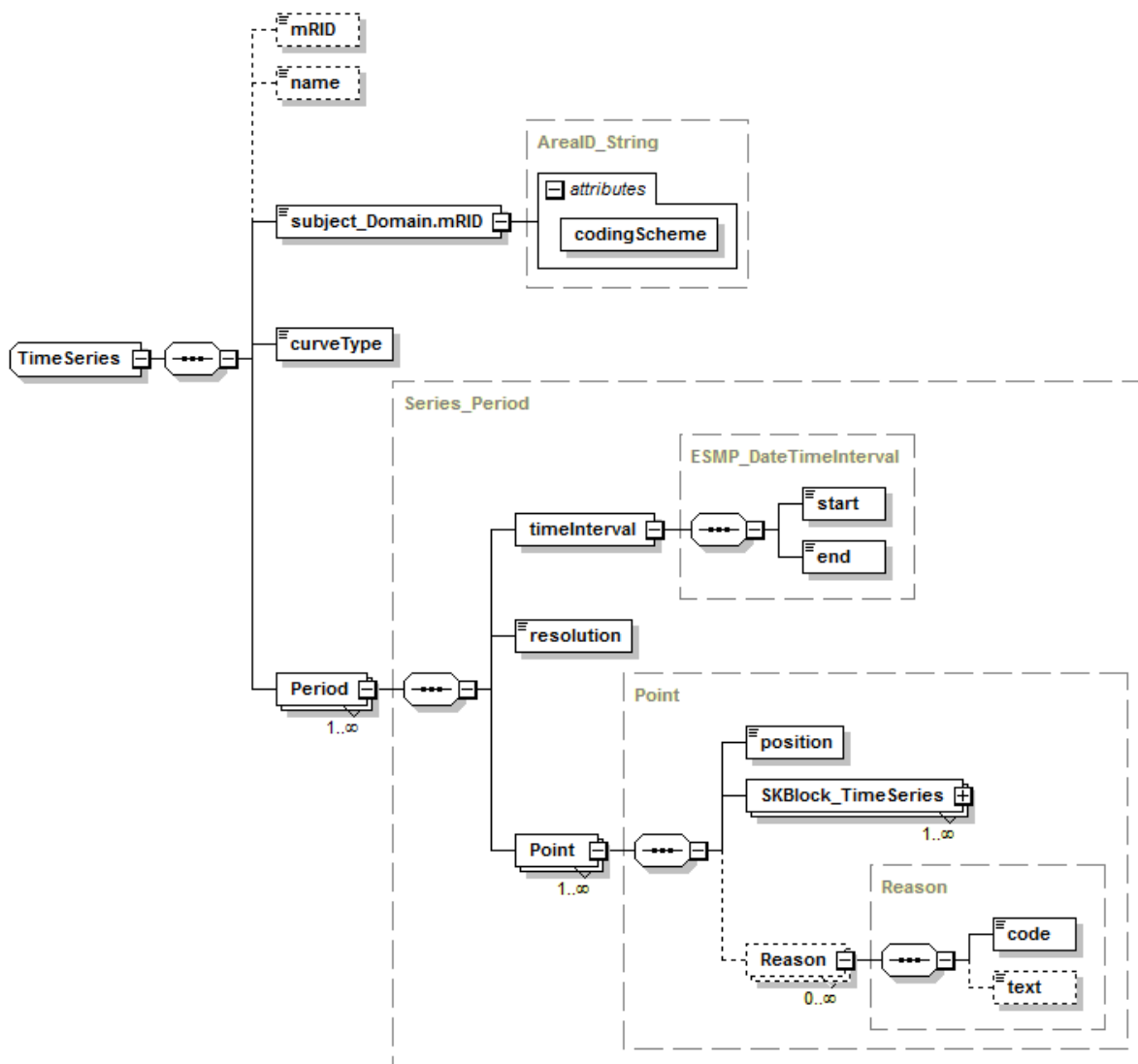
372 Figure 4 to Figure 6 provide the structure of the schema.



373

374

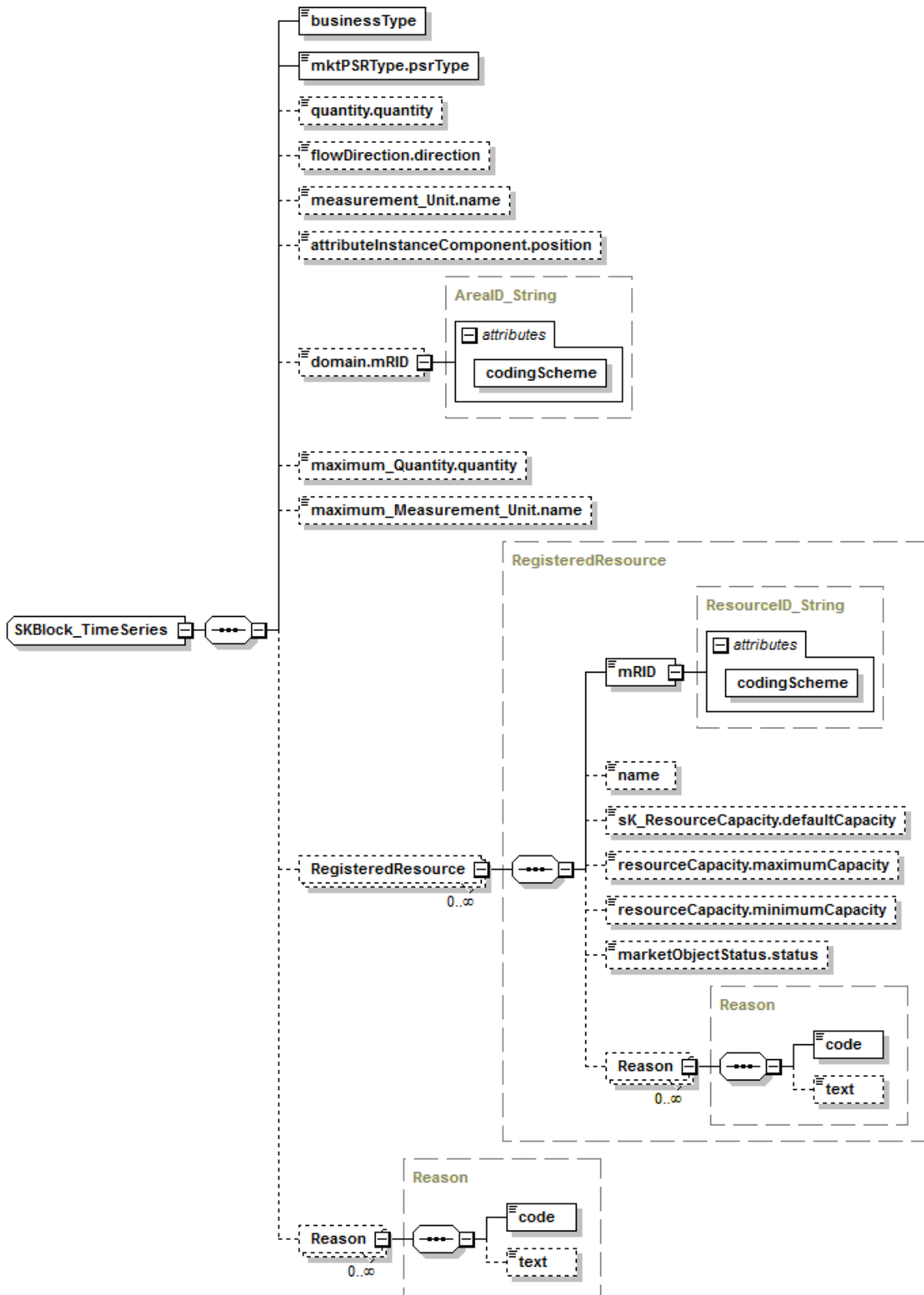
Figure 4 - GLSK schema structure 1/3



375

376

Figure 5 - GLSK schema structure 2/3



377

378

Figure 6 - GLSK schema structure 3/3