



European Network of
Transmission System Operators
for Electricity

IMPACT ASSESSMENT MATRIX PROFILE SPECIFICATION

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SOC APPROVED
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23 absolute prohibition of the specification.
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26 be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a different course.
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28 exist valid reasons in particular circumstances when the particular behaviour is acceptable
29 or even useful, but the full implications should be understood and the case carefully weighed
30 before implementing any behaviour described with this label.
- 31 • **MAY:** This word, or the adjective "OPTIONAL", means that an item is truly optional.

32

33

Revision History

Version	Release	Date	Paragraph	Comments
1	0	2021-04-21		Approved by SOC.

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100 1 Introduction

101 The impact assessment matrix profile is a profile to exchange impact assessment matrices that
102 are needed within the process.

103 The impact assessment matrix is an output of the impact assessment done on proposed
104 remedial actions.

105 Three impact assessment matrices can be exchanged: list-based impact assessment matrix,
106 calculation-based impact assessment matrix and coordination impact assessment matrix. The
107 coordination impact assessment matrix aggregates or considers the information from other two
108 impact assessment matrices. The connecting TSO matrix is not explicitly exchanged as it can
109 be derived from the available remedial action data exchange.

110 2 Application profile specification

111 2.1 Version information

112 The content is generated from UML model file CGMES30v25_501-20v01_HeaderMetaData-
113 10v08_CSA01v35.eap.

114 This edition is based on the IEC 61970 UML version 'IEC61970CIM17v40', dated '2020-08-24'.

- 115 - Title: Impact Assessment Matrix Vocabulary
- 116 - Keyword: IAM
- 117 - Description: This vocabulary is describing the impact assessment matrix profile.
- 118 - Version IRI: <http://entsoe.eu/ns/CIM/ImpactAssessmentMatrix-EU/1.0>
- 119 - Version info: 1.0.0
- 120 - Prior version:
- 121 - Conforms to: urn:iso:std:iec:61970-600-2:ed-1|urn:iso:std:iec:61970-301:ed-
122 7:amd1|file:///iec61970cim17v40_iec61968cim13v13a_iec62325cim03v17a.eap|urn:iso:
123 std:iec:61970-401:draft:ed-1|urn:iso:std:iec:61970-501:draft:ed-2|file:///CGMES-
124 30v25_501-20v01.eap
- 125 - Identifier: urn:uuid:1eb41c0b-3c58-4762-a79b-33220d051d32

126

127 2.2 Constraints naming convention

128 The naming of the rules shall not be used for machine processing. The rule names are just a
129 string. The naming convention of the constraints is as follows.

130 "{rule.Type}:{rule.Standard}:{rule.Profile}:{rule.Property}:{rule.Name}"

131 where

132 rule.Type: C – for constraint; R – for requirement

133 rule.Standard: the number of the standard e.g. 301 for 61970-301, 456 for 61970-456, 13 for
134 61968-13. 61970-600 specific constraints refer to 600 although they are related to one or
135 combination of the 61970-450 series profiles. For CSA profiles, CSA is used.

136 rule.Profile: the abbreviation of the profile, e.g. TP for Topology profile. If set to "ALL" the
137 constraint is applicable to all IEC 61970-600 profiles.

138 rule.Property: for UML classes, the name of the class, for attributes and associations, the name
139 of the class and attribute or association end, e.g. EnergyConsumer, IdentifiedObject.name, etc.
140 If set to "NA" the property is not applicable to a specific UML element.

141 rule.Name: the name of the rule. It is unique for the same property.

142 Example: C:600:ALL:IdentifiedObject.name:stringLength

143

144

145 2.3 Profile constraints

146 This clause defines requirements and constraints that shall be fulfilled by applications that
147 conform to this document.

148 This document is the master for rules and constraints tagged "CSA". For the sake of self-
149 containment, the list below also includes a copy of the relevant rules from IEC 61970-452,
150 tagged "452".

- 151 • C:452:ALL:NA:datatypes

152 According to 61970-501, datatypes are not exchanged in the instance data. The
153 UnitMultiplier is 1 in cases none value is specified in the profile.

- 154 • R:452:ALL:NA:exchange

155 Optional and required attributes and associations must be imported and exported if they
156 are in the model file prior to import.

- 157 • R:452:ALL:NA:exchange1

158 If an optional attribute does not exist in the imported file, it does not have to be exported
159 in case exactly the same data set is exported, i.e. the tool is not obliged to automatically
160 provide this attribute. If the export is resulting from an action by the user performed after
161 the import, e.g. data processing or model update the export can contain optional
162 attributes.

- 163 • R:452:ALL:NA:exchange2

164 In most of the profiles the selection of optional and required attributes is made so as to
165 ensure a minimum set of required attributes without which the exchange does not fulfil
166 its basic purpose. Business processes governing different exchanges can require
167 mandatory exchange of certain optional attributes or associations. Optional and required
168 attributes and associations shall therefore be supported by applications which claim
169 conformance with certain functionalities of the IEC 61970-452. This provides flexibility
170 for the business processes to adapt to different business requirements and base the
171 exchanges on IEC 61970-452 compliant applications.

- 172 • R:452:ALL:NA:exchange3

173 An exporter may, at his or her discretion, produce a serialization containing additional
174 class data described by the CIM Schema but not required by this document provided
175 these data adhere to the conventions established in Clause 5.

- 176 • R:452:ALL:NA:exchange4

177 From the standpoint of the model import used by a data recipient, the document
178 describes a subset of the CIM that importing software shall be able to interpret in order

179 to import exported models. Data providers are free to exceed the minimum requirements
180 described herein as long as their resulting data files are compliant with the CIM Schema
181 and the conventions established in Clause 5. The document, therefore, describes
182 additional classes and class data that, although not required, exporters will, in all
183 likelihood, choose to include in their data files. The additional classes and data are
184 labelled as required (cardinality 1..1) or as optional (cardinality 0..1) to distinguish them
185 from their required counterparts. Please note, however, that data importers could
186 potentially receive data containing instances of any and all classes described by the
187 CIM Schema.

- 188 • R:452:ALL:NA:cardinality

189 The cardinality defined in the CIM model shall be followed, unless a more restrictive
190 cardinality is explicitly defined in this document. For instance, the cardinality on the
191 association between VoltageLevel and BaseVoltage indicates that a VoltageLevel shall
192 be associated with one and only one BaseVoltage, but a BaseVoltage can be associated
193 with zero to many VoltageLevels.

- 194 • R:452:ALL:NA:associations

195 Associations between classes referenced in this document and classes not referenced
196 here are not required regardless of cardinality.

- 197 • R:452:ALL:IdentifiedObject.name:rule

198 The attribute “name” inherited by many classes from the abstract class IdentifiedObject
199 is not required to be unique. It must be a human readable identifier without additional
200 embedded information that would need to be parsed. The attribute is used for purposes
201 such as User Interface and data exchange debugging. The MRID defined in the data
202 exchange format is the only unique and persistent identifier used for this data exchange.
203 The attribute IdentifiedObject.name is, however, always required for CoreEquipment
204 profile and Short Circuit profile.

- 205 • R:452:ALL:IdentifiedObject.description:rule

206 The attribute “description” inherited by many classes from the abstract class
207 IdentifiedObject must contain human readable text without additional embedded
208 information that would need to be parsed.

- 209 • R:452:ALL:NA:uniqueIdentifier

210 All IdentifiedObject-s shall have a persistent and globally unique identifier (Master
211 Resource Identifier - mRID).

- 212 • R:452:ALL:NA:unitMultiplier

213 For exchange of attributes defined using CIM Data Types (ActivePower, Susceptance,
214 etc.) a unit multiplier of 1 is used if the UnitMultiplier specified in this document is “none”.

- 215 • C:452:ALL:IdentifiedObject.name:stringLength

216 The string IdentifiedObject.name has a maximum of 128 characters.

- 217 • C:452:ALL:IdentifiedObject.description:stringLength

218 The string IdentifiedObject.description is maximum 256 characters.

- 219 • C:452:ALL:NA:float

220 An attribute that is defined as float (e.g. has a type Float or a type which is a Datatype
221 with .value attribute of type Float) shall support ISO/IEC 60559:2020 for floating-point
222 arithmetic using single precision floating point. A single precision float supports 7
223 significant digits where the significant digits are described as an integer, or a decimal
224 number with 6 decimal digits. Two float values are equal when the significant with 7
225 digits are identical, e.g. 1234567 is equal 1.234567E6 and so are 1.2345678 and
226 1.234567E0.

227 • R:CSA:ALL:Region:reference

228 The reference to the Region is normally a reference to the capacity calculation region,
229 which is identified by “Y” EIC code of the capacity calculation region.

230 • R:CSA:ALL:SystemOperator:reference

231 The reference to the System Operator is normally identified by “X” EIC code of TSO.

232 • C:CSA:IAM:OutcomeValue.RemedialAction:listBasedImpactAssessmentMatrix

233 For a ListBasedImpactAssessmentMatrix, the multiplicity of the association end
234 OutcomeValue.RemedialAction is restricted to 1. In this case, the association
235 OutcomeValue.RemedialActionSchedule shall not be exchanged.

236 • C:CSA:IAM:OutcomeValue.RemedialActionSchedule:calculationBasedImpactAssessm
237 entMatrix

238 For a CalculationBasedImpactAssessmentMatrix, the multiplicity of the association end
239 OutcomeValue.RemedialActionSchedule is restricted to 1. In this case, the association
240 OutcomeValue.RemedialAction shall not be exchanged.

241 • C:CSA:IAM:CoordinatedImpactAssessmentMatrix:outcomeValue

242 For a CalculationBasedImpactAssessmentMatrix, an OutcomeValue shall be associated
243 with either OutcomeValue.RemedialAction or OutcomeValue.RemedialActionSchedule.

244 2.4 Metadata

245 ENTSO-E agreed to extend the header and metadata definitions by IEC 61970-552 Ed2. This
246 new header definitions rely on W3C recommendations which are used worldwide and are
247 positively recognised by the European Commission. The new definitions of the header mainly
248 use Provenance ontology (PROV-O), Time Ontology and Data Catalog Vocabulary (DCAT). The
249 global new header is included in the metadata and document header specification document.

250 For this profile, header definitions are embedded directly in the profile. The header and the
251 payload are in principle two different profiles, but they are currently implemented as one profile
252 specification due to limitation in the current standards. With the approval of IEC 61970-501 Ed2
253 it will be possible to export it as two embedded profiles.

254 2.4.1 Constraints

255 The identification of the constraints related to the metadata follows the same convention for
256 naming of the constraints as for profile constraints.

257 • R:CSA:ALL:wasAttributedTo:usage

258 The prov:wasAttributedTo should normally be the “X” EIC code of the actor (prov:Agent).

259

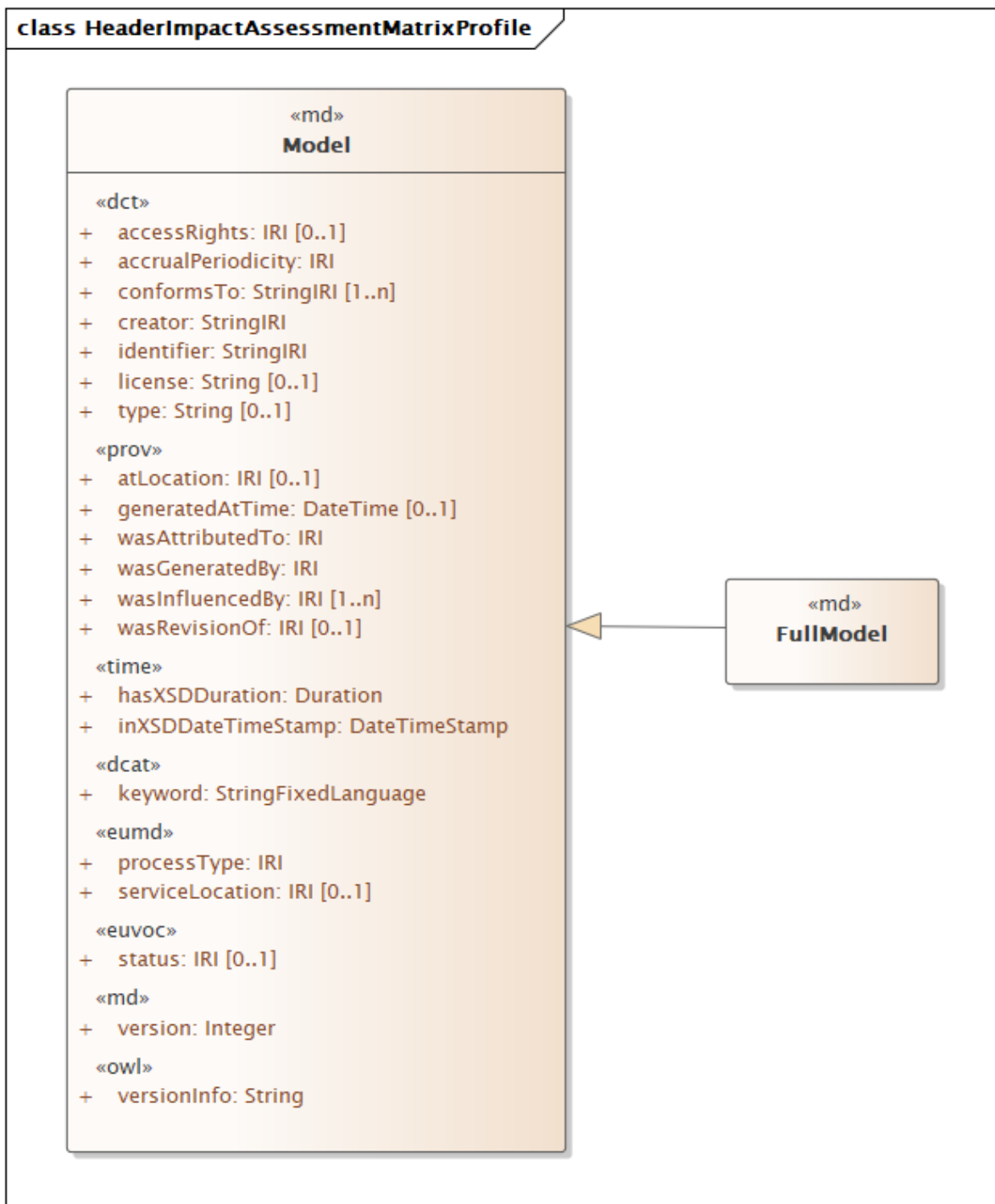
260 **2.4.2 Reference metadata**

261 The header defined for this profile requires availability of a set of reference metadata. For
262 instance, the attribute prov:wasGeneratedBy requires a reference to an activity which produced
263 the model or the related process. The activities are defined as reference metadata and their
264 identifiers are referenced from the header to enable the receiving entity to retrieve the “static”
265 (reference) information that is not modified frequently. This approach imposes a requirement
266 that both the sending entity and the receiving entity have access to a unique version of the
267 reference metadata. Therefore, each business process shall define which reference metadata
268 is used and where it is located.

269 **3 Detailed Profile Specification**

270 **3.1 General**

271 This package contains impact assessment matrix profile.



272

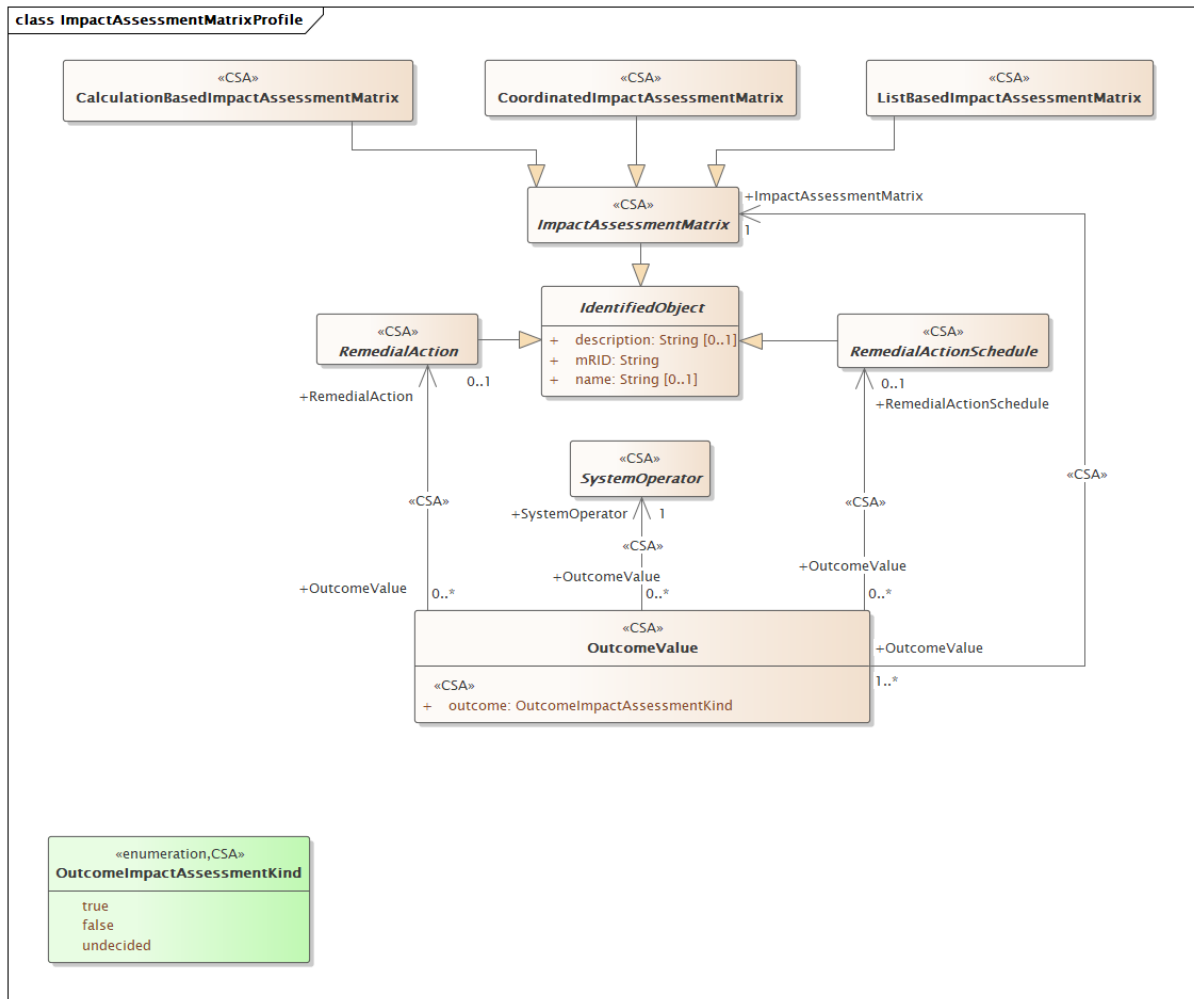
273

274

Figure 1 – Class diagram
ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::HeaderImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile

275

Figure 1: The diagram contains classes related to the header.



276

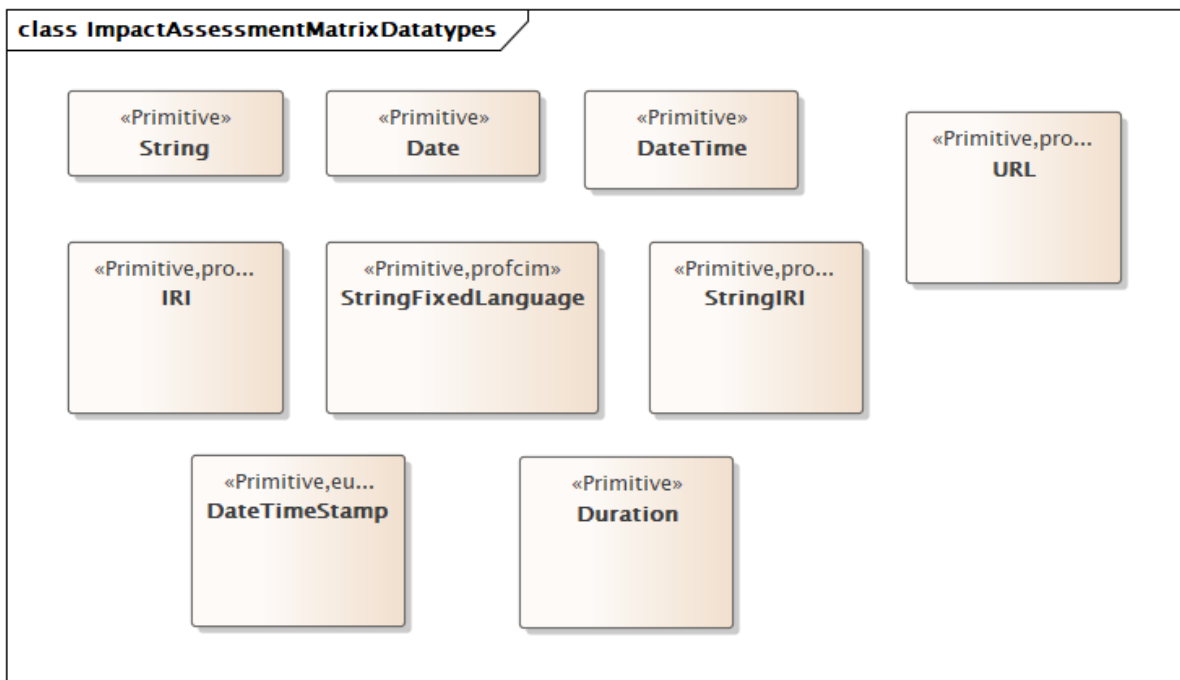
277

278

**Figure 2 – Class diagram
ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile**

279

Figure 2: The diagram contains the main classes used in the profile.



280

281

282

**Figure 3 – Class diagram
ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::ImpactAssessmentMatrixDatatypes**

283 Figure 3: The diagram shows datatypes that are used by classes in the profile. Stereotypes are
284 used to describe the datatypes. The following stereotypes are defined:

285 <<enumeration>> A list of permissible constant values.

286 <<Primitive>> The most basic data types used to compose all other data types.

287 <<CIMDatatype>> A datatype that contains a value attribute, an optional unit of measure and
288 a unit multiplier. The unit and multiplier may be specified as a static variable initialized to the
289 allowed value.

290 <<Compound>> A composite of Primitive, enumeration, CIMDatatype or other Compound
291 classes, as long as the Compound classes do not recurse.

292 For all datatypes both positive and negative values are allowed unless stated otherwise for a
293 particular datatype.

294 **3.2 (md) FullModel**

295 Inheritance path = [Model](#)

296 It represents the full model header and its contents is described by the Model class.

297 Table 1 shows all attributes of FullModel.

298

Table 1 – Attributes of ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::FullModel

name	mult	type	description
version	1..1	Integer	(md) inherited from: Model
accrualPeriodicity	1..1	IRI	(dct) inherited from: Model
status	0..1	IRI	(euvoc) inherited from: Model
keyword	1..1	StringFixedLanguage	(dcat) inherited from: Model
accessRights	0..1	IRI	(dct) inherited from: Model
conformsTo	1..n	StringIRI	(dct) inherited from: Model
identifier	1..1	StringIRI	(dct) inherited from: Model
license	0..1	String	(dct) inherited from: Model

name	mult	type	description
type	0..1	String	(dct) inherited from: Model
generatedAtTime	0..1	DateTime	(prov) inherited from: Model
atLocation	0..1	IRI	(prov) inherited from: Model
wasInfluencedBy	1..n	IRI	(prov) inherited from: Model
wasGeneratedBy	1..1	IRI	(prov) inherited from: Model
wasAttributedTo	1..1	IRI	(prov) inherited from: Model
wasRevisionOf	0..1	IRI	(prov) inherited from: Model
inXSDDateTimeStamp	1..1	DateTimeStamp	(time) inherited from: Model
hasXSDDuration	1..1	Duration	(time) inherited from: Model
processType	1..1	IRI	(eumd) inherited from: Model
creator	1..1	StringIRI	(dct) inherited from: Model
serviceLocation	0..1	IRI	(eumd) inherited from: Model

299

300 3.3 (md) Model root class

301 A Model is a collection of data describing instances, objects or entities, real or computed. In
302 the context of CIM the semantics of the data is defined by profiles. Hence a model can contain
303 equipment data, power flow initial values, power flow results etc.

304 The Model class describes the header content that is the same for the FullModel and the
305 DifferenceModel. A Model is identified by an rdf:about attribute. The rdf:about attribute uniquely
306 describes the model data and not the CIMXML document. A new rdf:about identification is
307 generated for created documents only when the model data has changed. A repeated creation
308 of documents from unchanged model data shall have the same rdf:about identification as
309 previous document generated from the same model data.

310 Table 2 shows all attributes of Model.

311

Table 2 – Attributes of ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::Model

name	mult	type	description
version	1..1	Integer	(md) The version of the model. If the instance file is imported and exported with no change, the version number is kept the same. The version changes only if the content of the file changes. It is the same logic as for the header id. The version is the human readable id. [CIM context: It relates to the version of the document and not the version of the model which is serialized.]
accrualPeriodicity	1..1	IRI	(dct) The frequency with which items are added to a collection. [CIM context: Reference to the time frame.]
status	0..1	IRI	(euvoc) Indicates the status of a skos:Concept or a skosxl:Label, or any resource related to controlled vocabulary management. [CIM context: The condition or position of an object with regard to its standing. (Validated, Primary, Backup etc.)].
keyword	1..1	StringFixedLanguage	(dcat) A keyword or tag describing a resource. [CIM context: The intended content type of the model, usually the profile keyword. Used to identify what

name	mult	type	description
			<p>profiles and content is expected in the document, e.g., Equipment, Boundary, SSH, AE, etc. The same keyword is used for different versions of same profile. It can be also used to identify different content based on the same profile.</p> <p>For instance, as the equipment profile can be used for both boundary data and equipment not related to boundary, the keyword is different to indicate that boundary data is exchanged. In order to avoid ambiguity the property is not exchanged in cases where the document contains multiple profiles referenced by <code>dct:conformsTo</code>].</p>
accessRights	0..1	IRI	<p>(dct) Information about who access the resource or an indication of its security status. Access Rights may include information regarding access or restrictions based on privacy, security, or other policies.</p> <p>[CIM context: Reference to the confidentiality level that shall be applied when handling this model.]</p>
conformsTo	1..n	StringIRI	<p>(dct) An established standard to which the described resource conforms.</p> <p>[CIM context: An IRI describing the profile that governs this model. It uniquely identifies the profile and its version. Multiple instances of the property describe all standards or specifications to which the model and the document representing this model conform to.</p> <p>A document would normally conform to profile definitions, the constraints that relate to the profile and/or the set of business specific constrains. A reference to a machine- readable constrains or specification indicates that the document was tested against these constraints and it conforms to them.]</p>
identifier	1..1	StringIRI	<p>(dct) An unambiguous reference to the resource within a given context. Recommended practice is to identify the resource by means of a string conforming to an identification system. Examples include International Standard Book Number (ISBN), Digital Object Identifier (DOI), and Uniform Resource Name (URN). Persistent identifiers should be provided as HTTP URIs.</p> <p>[CIM context: A unique identifier of the model which is serialised in the document where the header is located. The identifier is persistent for a given version of the model and shall change when the model changes.</p> <p>If a model is serialized as complete (full) model or as difference model exchange the identifier shall be the same. The identifier shall not be used as an identifier of the document which can be different for a given version of a model.]</p>
license	0..1	String	<p>(dct) A legal document giving official permission to do something with the resource.</p> <p>Recommended practice is to identify the license document with a URI. If this is not possible or feasible, a literal value that identifies the license may be provided.</p> <p>[CIM context:</p>

name	mult	type	description
			Reference to the license under which the data is made available. If no license holder is defined, then the original data provider holds the license.].
type	0..1	String	(dct) The nature or genre of the resource. Recommended practice is to use a controlled vocabulary such as the DCMI Type Vocabulary [DCMI-TYPE]. To describe the file format, physical medium, or dimensions of the resource, use the property Format.
generatedAtTime	0..1	DateTime	(prov) Generation is the completion of production of a new entity by an activity. This entity did not exist before generation and becomes available for usage after this generation. [CIM context: The date and time when the model was serialized in the document where the header is located. The format is an extended format according to the ISO 8601-2005. European exchanges shall refer to UTC.].
atLocation	0..1	IRI	(prov) A location can be an identifiable geographic place (ISO 19112), but it can also be a non-geographic place such as a directory, row, or column. As such, there are numerous ways in which location can be expressed, such as by a coordinate, address, landmark, and so forth. [CIM context: Reference to a region or a domain for which this model is provided.].
wasInfluencedBy	1..n	IRI	(prov) Influence is the capacity of an entity, activity, or agent to have an effect on the character, development, or behavior of another by means of usage, start, end, generation, invalidation, communication, derivation, attribution, association, or delegation. [CIM context: A reference to the model on which the model serialised in this document depends on. The references are maintained by the producer of the model. Minimum requirements for the dependency are specified and can be restricted within a business process as long as they do not contradict requirements by standards. For instance, IEC 61970-600-1 defines minimum requirements for the profiles defined in that standard.].
wasGeneratedBy	1..1	IRI	(prov) Generation is the completion of production of a new entity by an activity. This entity did not exist before generation and becomes available for usage after this generation. [CIM context: Reference to an activity or the exact business nature (process, configuration) which produced or uses the model.].
wasAttributedTo	1..1	IRI	(prov) Attribution is the ascribing of an entity to an agent. [CIM context: Reference to the agent (or service provider) from which the model originates.].
wasRevisionOf	0..1	IRI	(prov) A revision is a derivation for which the resulting entity is a revised version of some original. The implication here is that the resulting

name	mult	type	description
			<p>entity contains substantial content from the original. Revision is a particular case of derivation.</p> <p>[CIM context:</p> <p>When a model is updated the resulting model supersedes the models that were used as basis for the update. Hence this is a reference to the model which are superseded by this model. A model can supersede 1 or more models, e.g. a difference model or a full model supersede multiple models (difference or full). In this case, multiple properties are included in the header. The referenced document(s) is (are) identified by the URN/MRID/UUID in the FullModel rdf:about attribute when full model(s) is (are) referenced and by the URN/MRID/UUID in the DifferenceModel rdf:about attribute when difference model(s) is (are) referenced.].</p>
inXSDDateTimeStamp	1..1	DateTimeStamp	<p>(time) Position of an instant, expressed using xsd:dateTimeStamp, in which the time-zone field is mandatory.</p> <p>[CIM context:</p> <p>The date and time that this model represents, i.e. for which the model is (or was) valid. If used in relation with hasXSDDuration it indicates the beginning of the validity period.</p> <p>It is indicating either an instant (in cases where the model is only valid for a point in time) or the start time of a period. If not provided the model is considered valid for any time stamp. The format is an extended format according to the ISO 8601-2005. European exchanges shall refer to UTC.].</p>
hasXSDDuration	1..1	Duration	<p>(time) Extent of a temporal entity, expressed using xsd:duration.</p> <p>[CIM context:</p> <p>The duration of the validity period of the model that it is serialized in the document where the header is located. It is only used in relation to the inXSDDateTimeStamp property which indicates the beginning of the validity period of the model. The end of the validity period is derived from both inXSDDateTimeStamp and hasXSDDuration.].</p>
processType	1..1	IRI	(eumd) The exact business nature. Reference to Business Process configurations.
creator	1..1	StringIRI	<p>(dct) An entity responsible for making the resource.</p> <p>Recommended practice is to identify the creator with a URI. If this is not possible or feasible, a literal value that identifies the creator may be provided.</p> <p>[CIM context:</p> <p>The name of the agent (Modeling Authority) from which the model originates].</p>
serviceLocation	0..1	IRI	(eumd) Reference to a service location (region or a domain).
versionInfo	0..1	String	<p>(owl) The annotation property that provides version information for an ontology or another OWL construct.</p> <p>DCAT-AP definition:</p>

name	mult	type	description
			<p>This property contains a version number or other version designation of the Dataset.</p> <p>OWL definition:</p> <p>An owl:versionInfo statement generally has as its object a string giving information about this version, for example RCS/CVS keywords. This statement does not contribute to the logical meaning of the ontology other than that given by the RDF(S) model theory.</p> <p>Although this property is typically used to make statements about ontologies, it may be applied to any OWL construct. For example, one could attach a owl:versionInfo statement to an OWL class.</p> <p>[CIM context:</p> <p>The version of the model. If the document is imported and exported with no change the version number is the kept same. The version changes only if the content of the model changes. It is the same logic as for the header identifier. The version is the human readable identifier.]</p>

312

313 3.4 (CSA) CoordinatedImpactAssessmentMatrix

314 Inheritance path = [ImpactAssessmentMatrix](#) : [IdentifiedObject](#)

315 Coordinated impact assessment matrix.

316 Table 3 shows all attributes of CoordinatedImpactAssessmentMatrix.

317

Table 3 – Attributes of

318

ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::CoordinatedImpactAssessmentMatrix

name	mult	type	description
description	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
mRID	1..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
name	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject

319

320 3.5 (CSA) CalculationBasedImpactAssessmentMatrix

321 Inheritance path = [ImpactAssessmentMatrix](#) : [IdentifiedObject](#)

322 Calculation based impact assessment matrix. It relates to the remedial action schedule.

323 Table 4 shows all attributes of CalculationBasedImpactAssessmentMatrix.

324

Table 4 – Attributes of

325

ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::CalculationBasedImpactAssessmentMatrix

name	mult	type	description
description	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
mRID	1..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
name	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject

326

327 3.6 (abstract,CSA) ImpactAssessmentMatrix

328 Inheritance path = [IdentifiedObject](#)

329 It is the result of an impact assessment analysis for each remedial action or remedial action
330 schedule onto the grid and operation of each system operator.

331 Table 5 shows all attributes of ImpactAssessmentMatrix.

332 **Table 5 – Attributes of ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::ImpactAssessmentMatrix**

name	mult	type	description
description	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
mRID	1..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
name	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject

333

334 **3.7 (CSA) ListBasedImpactAssessmentMatrix**335 Inheritance path = [ImpactAssessmentMatrix](#) : [IdentifiedObject](#)

336 List based impact assessment matrix. It refers to the remedial action.

337 Table 6 shows all attributes of ListBasedImpactAssessmentMatrix.

338

339

**Table 6 – Attributes of
ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::ListBasedImpactAssessmentMatrix**

name	mult	type	description
description	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
mRID	1..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
name	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject

340

341 **3.8 (CSA) OutcomeValue root class**

342 This is the outcome of an impact assessment matrix.

343 Table 7 shows all attributes of OutcomeValue.

344

Table 7 – Attributes of ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::OutcomeValue

name	mult	type	description
outcome	1..1	OutcomeImpactAssessmentKind	(CSA) Outcome value.

345

346 Table 8 shows all association ends of OutcomeValue with other classes.

Table 8 – Association ends of ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::OutcomeValue with other classes

348

mult from	name	mult to	type	description
1..*	ImpactAssessmentMatrix	1..1	ImpactAssessmentMatrix	(CSA) the impact assessment matrix which has this value.
0..*	RemedialAction	0..1	RemedialAction	(CSA) The remedial action that has an outcome value.
0..*	RemedialActionSchedule	0..1	RemedialActionSchedule	(CSA) The remedial action schedule that has an outcome value.
0..*	SystemOperator	1..1	SystemOperator	(CSA) The system operator that has an outcome value.

349

350 **3.9 (abstract,CSA) RemedialAction**351 Inheritance path = [IdentifiedObject](#)

352 A remedial action is described by one of many grid state alterations applied to a grid model state or particular scenario in order to resolve one or more Identified constraints. Only costly remedial actions require a cost characteristic.

355 Table 9 shows all attributes of RemedialAction.

356 **Table 9 – Attributes of ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::RemedialAction**

name	mult	type	description
description	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
mRID	1..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
name	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject

357

358 **3.10 (abstract,CSA) RemedialActionSchedule**359 Inheritance path = [IdentifiedObject](#)

360 This is a schedule for a determined remedial action.

361 Table 10 shows all attributes of RemedialActionSchedule.

362 **Table 10 – Attributes of ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::RemedialActionSchedule**

name	mult	type	description
description	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
mRID	1..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject
name	0..1	String	inherited from: IdentifiedObject

363

364 **3.11 (abstract,CSA) SystemOperator root class**

365 System operator.

366 **3.12 (abstract) IdentifiedObject root class**

367 This is a root class to provide common identification for all classes needing identification and naming attributes.

368 Table 11 shows all attributes of IdentifiedObject.

370 **Table 11 – Attributes of ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::IdentifiedObject**

name	mult	type	description
description	0..1	String	The description is a free human readable text describing or naming the object. It may be non unique and may not correlate to a naming hierarchy.
mRID	1..1	String	Master resource identifier issued by a model authority. The mRID is unique within an exchange context. Global uniqueness is easily achieved by using a UUID, as specified in RFC 4122, for the mRID. The use of UUID is strongly recommended. For CIMXML data files in RDF syntax conforming to IEC 61970-552, the mRID is mapped to rdf:ID or rdf:about attributes that identify CIM object elements.
name	0..1	String	The name is any free human readable and possibly non unique text naming the object.

371

372 **3.13 (CSA) OutcomelmpactAssessmentKind enumeration**

373 Outcome impact assessments kinds.

374 Table 12 shows all literals of OutcomelmpactAssessmentKind.

375 **Table 12 – Literals of ImpactAssessmentMatrixProfile::OutcomelmpactAssessmentKind**

literal	value	description
true		True.
false		False.
undecided		Undecided. Used only for list-based impact assessment matrix.

376

377 **3.14 (profcim) IRI primitive**

378 An IRI (Internationalized Resource Identifier) within an RDF graph is a Unicode string that
379 conforms to the syntax defined in RFC 3987.

380 The primitive is serialized as `rdf:resource` in RDFXML.

381 IRIs in the RDF abstract syntax must be absolute, and may contain a fragment identifier.

382 IRI equality: Two IRIs are equal if and only if they are equivalent under Simple String
383 Comparison according to section 5.1 of [RFC3987]. Further normalization must not be
384 performed when comparing IRIs for equality.

385 IRIs are a generalization of URIs [RFC3986] that permits a wider range of Unicode characters.
386 Every absolute URI and URL is an IRI, but not every IRI is an URI. When IRIs are used in
387 operations that are only defined for URIs, they must first be converted according to the mapping
388 defined in section 3.1 of [RFC3987]. A notable example is retrieval over the HTTP protocol. The
389 mapping involves UTF-8 encoding of non-ASCII characters, %-encoding of octets not allowed
390 in URIs, and Punycode-encoding of domain names.

391 **3.15 Date primitive**

392 Date as "yyyy-mm-dd", which conforms with ISO 8601. UTC time zone is specified as "yyyy-
393 mm-ddZ". A local timezone relative UTC is specified as "yyyy-mm-dd(+/-)hh:mm".

394 **3.16 DateTime primitive**

395 Date and time as "yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss", which conforms with ISO 8601. UTC time zone
396 is specified as "yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sssZ". A local timezone relative UTC is specified as
397 "yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss-hh:mm". The second component (shown here as "ss.sss") could
398 have any number of digits in its fractional part to allow any kind of precision beyond seconds.

399 **3.17 Duration primitive**

400 Duration as "PnYnMnDTnHnMnS" which conforms to ISO 8601, where nY expresses a number
401 of years, nM a number of months, nD a number of days. The letter T separates the date
402 expression from the time expression and, after it, nH identifies a number of hours, nM a number
403 of minutes and nS a number of seconds. The number of seconds could be expressed as a
404 decimal number, but all other numbers are integers.

405 **3.18 (eumd) DateTimeStamp primitive**

406 Position of an instant, expressed using `xsd:dateTimeStamp`, in which the time-zone field is
407 mandatory.

408 **3.19 String primitive**

409 A string consisting of a sequence of characters. The character encoding is UTF-8. The string
410 length is unspecified and unlimited.

411 **3.20 (profcim) StringIRI primitive**

412 An IRI (Internationalized Resource Identifier) within an RDF graph is a Unicode string that
413 conforms to the syntax defined in RFC 3987.

414 The primitive is serialized as literal without language support.

415 IRIs in the RDF abstract syntax must be absolute, and may contain a fragment identifier.

416 IRI equality: Two IRIs are equal if and only if they are equivalent under Simple String
417 Comparison according to section 5.1 of [RFC3987]. Further normalization must not be
418 performed when comparing IRIs for equality.

419 IRIs are a generalization of URIs [RFC3986] that permits a wider range of Unicode characters.
420 Every absolute URI and URL is an IRI, but not every IRI is an URI. When IRIs are used in
421 operations that are only defined for URIs, they must first be converted according to the mapping
422 defined in section 3.1 of [RFC3987]. A notable example is retrieval over the HTTP protocol. The
423 mapping involves UTF-8 encoding of non-ASCII characters, %-encoding of octets not allowed
424 in URIs, and Punycode-encoding of domain names.

425 **3.21 (profcim) StringFixedLanguage primitive**

426 A string consisting of a sequence of characters. The character encoding is UTF-8. The string
427 length is unspecified and unlimited.

428 The primitive is serialized as literal without language support.

429 **3.22 (profcim) URL primitive**

430 A Uniform Resource Locator (URL), colloquially termed a web address, is a reference to a web
431 resource that specifies its location on a computer network and a mechanism for retrieving it. A
432 URL is a specific type of Uniform Resource Identifier (URI), although many people use the two
433 terms interchangeably. URLs occur most commonly to reference web pages (http), but are also
434 used for file transfer (ftp), email (mailto), database access (JDBC), and many other applications.

435

436

437 **Annex A (informative): Sample data**438 **A.1 General**

439 This Annex is designed to illustrate the profile by using fragments of sample data. It is not meant
440 to be a complete set of examples covering all possibilities of using the profile. Defining a
441 complete set of test data is considered a separate activity to be performed for the purpose of
442 setting up interoperability testing and conformity related to this profile.

443

444 **A.2 Header**

445 <!--Header -->

446 <md:FullModel rdf:about="urn:uuid:d2630bd5-9578-4fab-9647-13991c692d07"><!-- ID of the Full Model in RDF-->

447 <!-- ID of the Full Model in Data Model-->

448 <dct:identifier>urn:uuid:d2630bd5-9578-4fab-9647-13991c692d07</dct:identifier> <!--This is an example for
449 mRID of the header -->

450 <!-- creation time of the Document -->

451 <prov:generatedAtTime>2021-01-28T17:01:03Z</prov:generatedAtTime>

452 <!-- Version of the Document -->

453 <md:version>1</md:version>

454 <!-- Validity/scenario period / delivery day [Optional]-->

455 <time:inXSDDDateTimeStamp>2021-11-25T17:00:00Z</time:inXSDDDateTimeStamp>

456 <time:hasXSDDuration>P1Y</time:hasXSDDuration>

457 <!-- Description -->

458 <dct:description>This is an example of assessed element</dct:description>

459 <!-- Profile, Schema or Specification -->

460 <dct:conformsTo>http://entsoe.eu/ns/CIM/ImpactAssessmentMatrix-EU/1.0</dct:conformsTo>

461 <dct:conformsTo> http://entsoe.eu/ns/CIM/ImpactAssessmentMatrix-EU/constraints/1.0</dct:conformsTo> <!--
462 This is an example how to refer to SHACL constraints -->

463 <!--Generated by -->

464 ...<prov:wasGeneratedBy rdf:resource="urn:entsoe:wgedi:ProcessRunList#DayAheadCGMUpdate"/>

465 <!--Version Info -->

466 ...<owl:versionInfo xml:lang ="en">1.0.0</owl:versionInfo>

467 <!-- Message Type -->

468 <dcat:keyword>PaneModel</dcat:keyword>

469 <!-- Model Dependency-->

470 <prov:wasInfluencedBy rdf:resource="urn:uuid:f0063d01-1dac-46f0-91a4-2b7479991173" />

471 <!--Model revision -->

472 <prov:wasRevisionOf rdf:resource="urn:uuid:8341cd19-779b-4a84-bafb-06b8bb56f767" />

```

473     <!-- Modeling Authority -->
474     <prov:wasAttributedTo rdf:resource="urn:eic:10X1001A1001A094"/>
475     <!-- Modeling Region -->
476     <prov:atLocation rdf:resource="urn:eic:10YBE-----2"/>
477     <!-- Status -->
478
479     ... <euvoc:status rdf:resource="http://entsoe.eu/StatusType#Validated"/>
480     <!-- License -->
481     ... <dct:license>http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/licence/EUPL_1_2</dct:license>
482     <!-- Process Type -->
483     <eumd:processType rdf:resource="urn:entsoe.eu:ProcessTypeList#CSA"/>
484     <!-- Type -->
485     ....<dct:type>dataset</dct:type>
486     <!-- TimeFrame -->
487     <dct:accrualPeriodicity rdf:resource="urn:entsoe.eu:wgedi:TimeFrameList#Y-1"/>
488     <!-- versionInfo -->
489     ...<owl:versionInfo xml:lang ="en">1.0.0</owl:versionInfo>
490     <!-- Modelling Authority of the originator of the model -->
491     <dct:creator>urn:eic:10X1001A1001A094</dct:creator>
492     <!-- Confidentialiaty for Security Plan -->
493     <dct:accessRights rdf:resource="http://entsoe.eu/MVS/2016/Confidentialyt/OPDE_Secret"/>
494     <!--Service Location -->
495     .... <eumd:serviceLocation rdf:resource="urn:eic:10Y1001A1001A94A" />
496     </md:FullModel>
497
498 A.3 Impact assessment matrix
499     <csa:ListBasedImpactAssessmentmatrix rdf:ID="_a7438c6f-5f12-421b-9b39-a42d4194c177">
500         <cim:IdentifiedObject.name>IAM1</cim:IdentifiedObject.name>
501         <cim:IdentifiedObject.mRID>a7438c6f-5f12-421b-9b39-a42d4194c177</cim:IdentifiedObject.mRID>
502     </csa:ListBasedImpactAssessmentmatrix>
503
504     <csa:OutcomeValue rdf:ID="_cb3a98ed-1bb0-4c03-bdc3-2b403c7333d9">
505         <csa:OutcomeValue.outcome rdf:resource="http://entsoe.eu/ns/csa#OutcomeImpactAssessmentKind.true" />
506         <csa:OutcomeValue.RemedialAction rdf:resource="#_64ec4c52-5e70-4e5d-acb7-57a6c06dcf07" />

```



```
507 <csa:OutcomeValue.SystemOperator rdf:resource="#urn:entsoe:10X1001A1001A094" />
508 <csa:OutcomeValue.ImpactAssessmentMatrix rdf:resource="#_a7438c6f-5f12-421b-9b39-a42d4194c177" />
509 </csa:OutcomeValue>
510
511 <csa:OutcomeValue rdf:ID="_c710b18a-da3a-43d2-86df-8a6ecc2f00f5">
512 <csa:OutcomeValue.outcome rdf:resource="http://entsoe.eu/ns/csa#OutcomeImpactAssessmentKind.false" />
513 <csa:OutcomeValue.RemedialAction rdf:resource="#_64ec4c52-5e70-4e5d-acb7-57a6c06dcf07" />
514 <csa:OutcomeValue.SystemOperator rdf:resource="#urn:entsoe:10X1001A1001A361" />
515 <csa:OutcomeValue.ImpactAssessmentMatrix rdf:resource="#_a7438c6f-5f12-421b-9b39-a42d4194c177" />
516 </csa:OutcomeValue>
517
```